

Prognostic and predictive significance of T cell infiltration in breast cancer

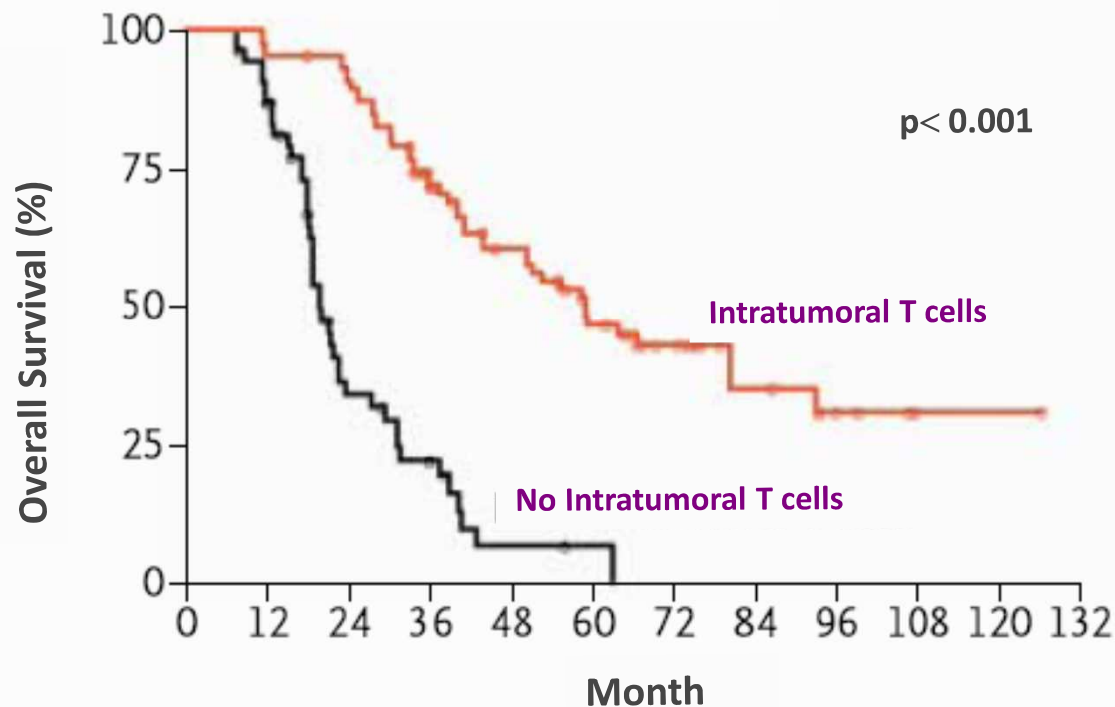
Francois Ghiringhelli and Sylvain Ladoire

AVENIR Team UMR866 INSERM Dijon

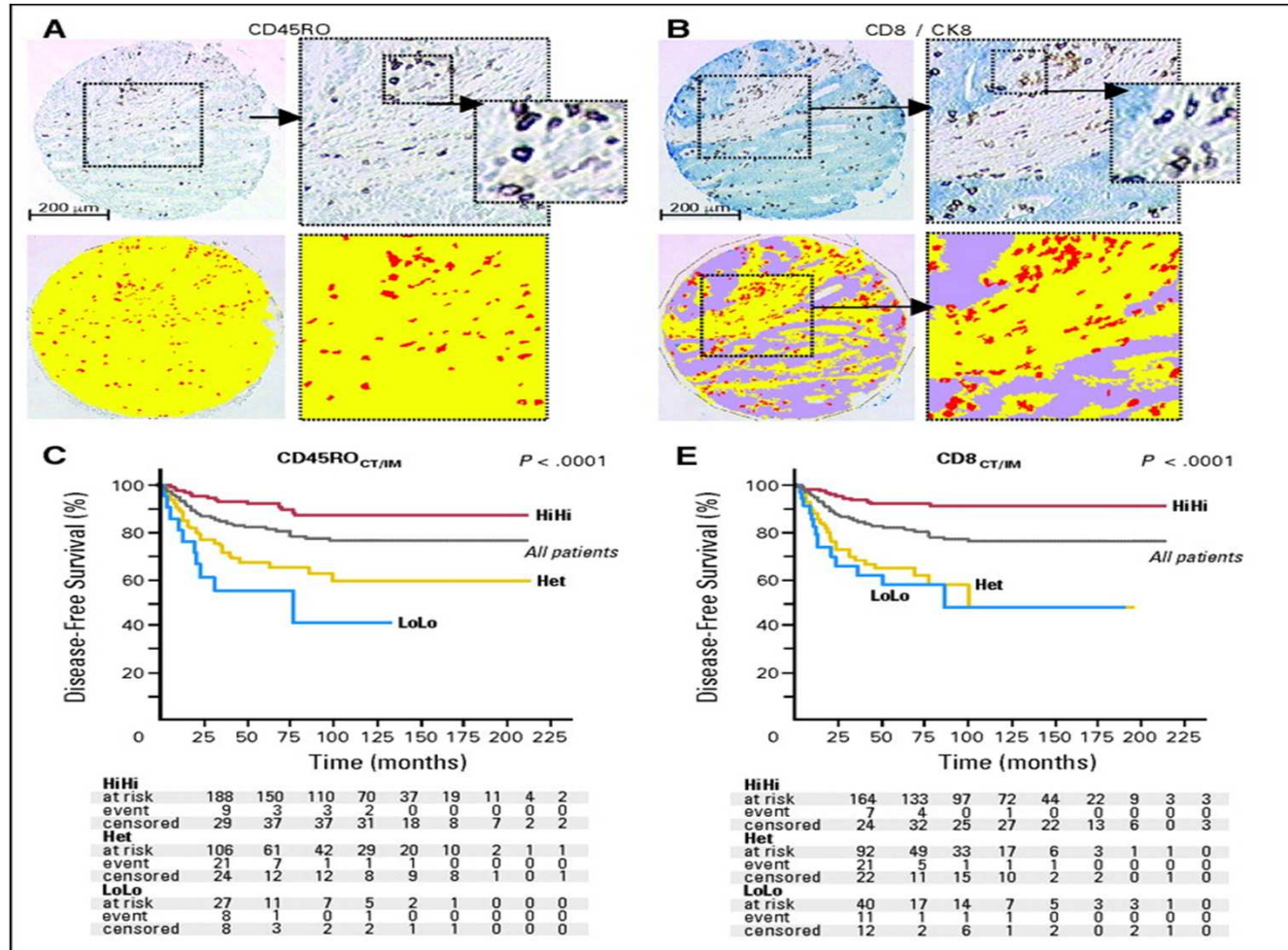
T cells and cancer

Intratumoral T Cells, Recurrence, and Survival in Epithelial Ovarian Cancer

Lin Zhang, M.D., Jose R. Conejo-Garcia, M.D., Ph.D.,
Dionyssios Katsaros, M.D., Ph.D., Phyllis A. Gimotty, Ph.D.,
Marco Massobrio, M.D., Giorgia Regnani, M.D.,
Antonis Makrigiannakis, M.D., Ph.D., Heidi Gray, M.D.,
Katia Schlienger, M.D., Ph.D., Michael N. Liebman, Ph.D.,
Stephen C. Rubin, M.D., and George Coukos, M.D., Ph.D.



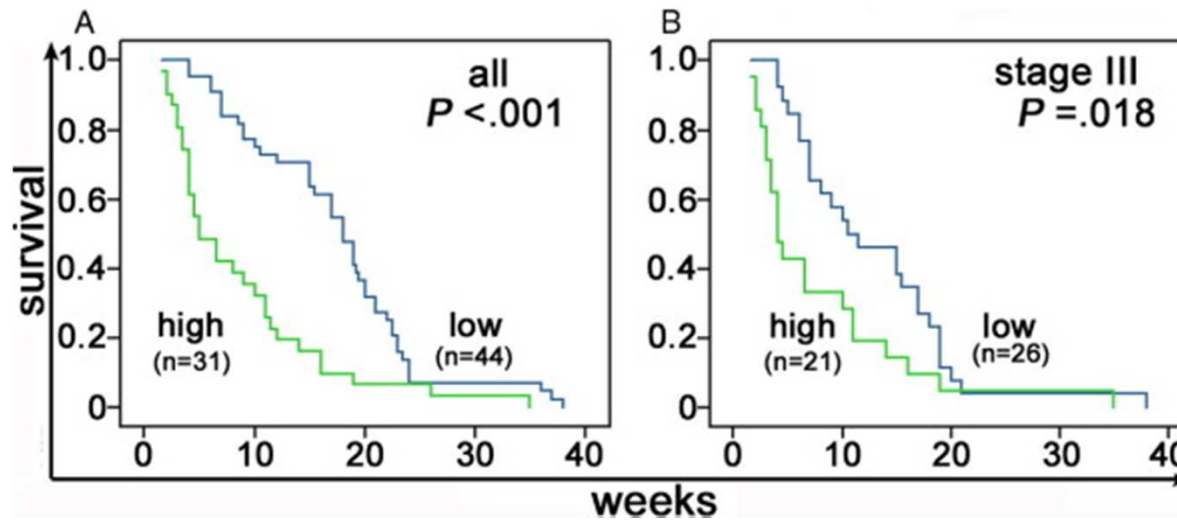
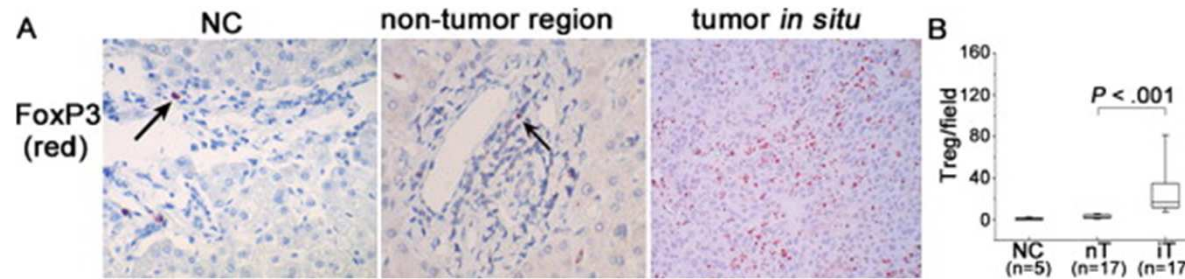
CD45RO and CD8 immunostaining of colorectal cancer and prognosis.



Pages F et al. JCO 2009;27:5944-5951

Treg cells and cancer

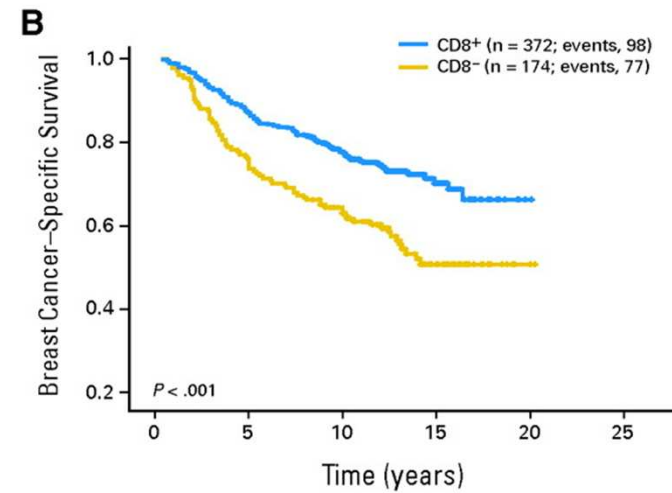
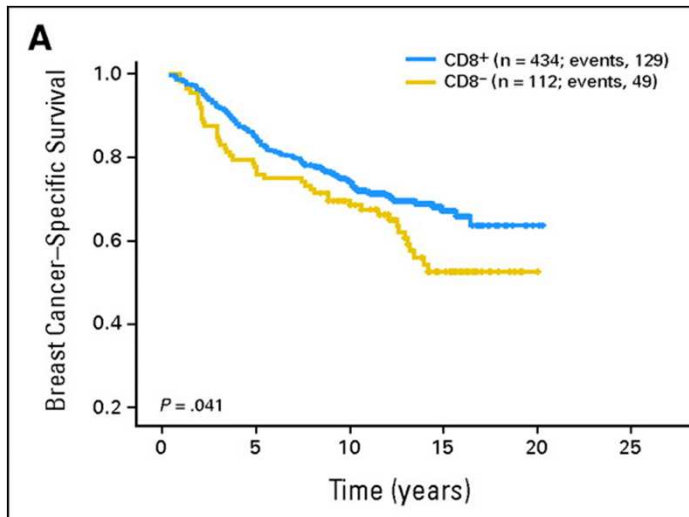
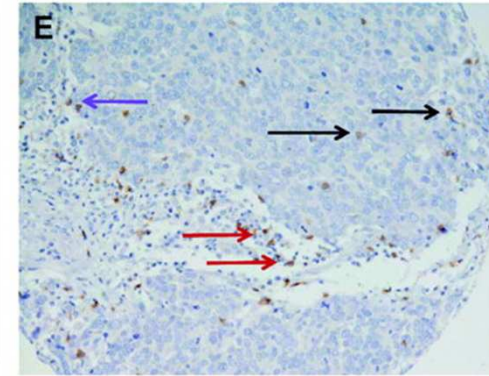
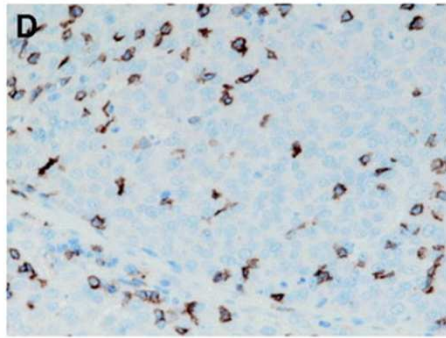
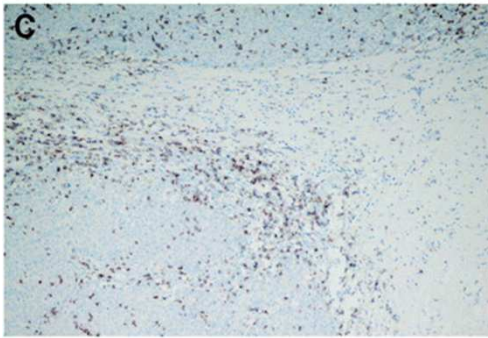
Foxp3 expression is often associated with poor prognosis



FU X et al. [Gastroenterology](#). 2007 Jun;132(7):2328-39.

The case of localized breast cancer :

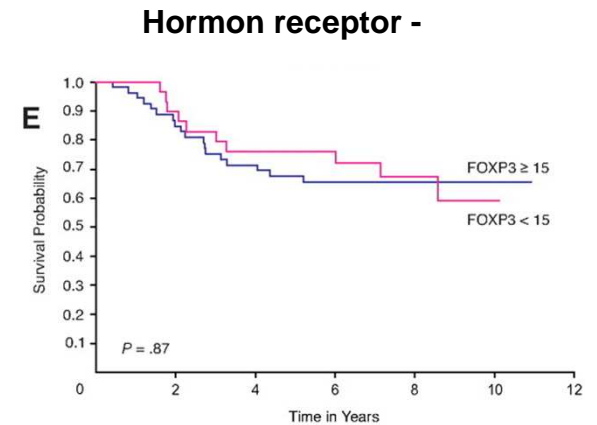
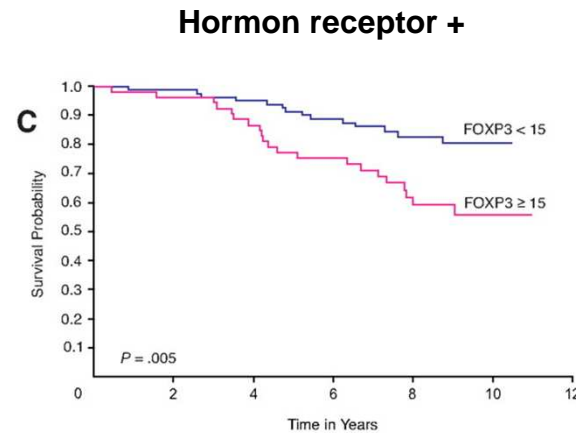
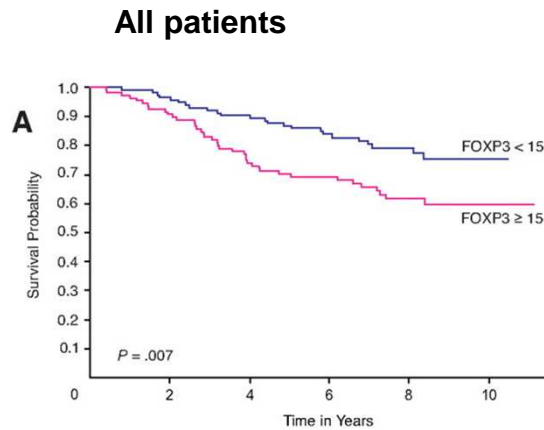
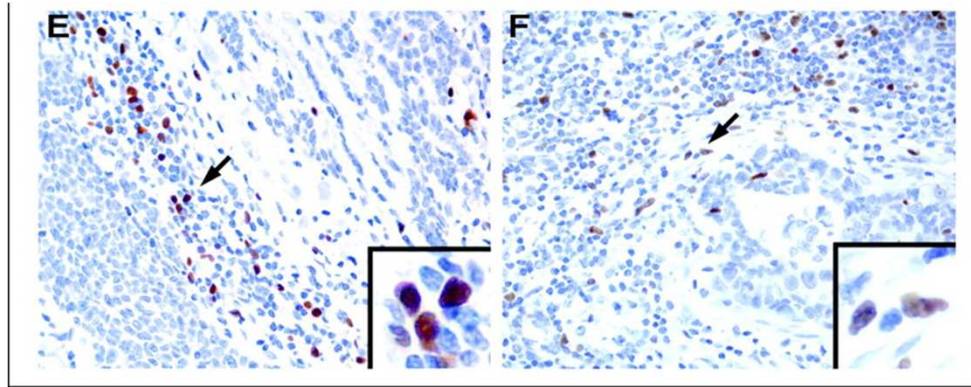
Role of CD8



Mahmoud S M et al. JCO 2011;29:1949-1955

The case of localized breast cancer :

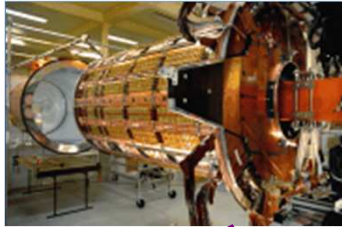
Role of regulatory T cells in subgroup of breast cancer



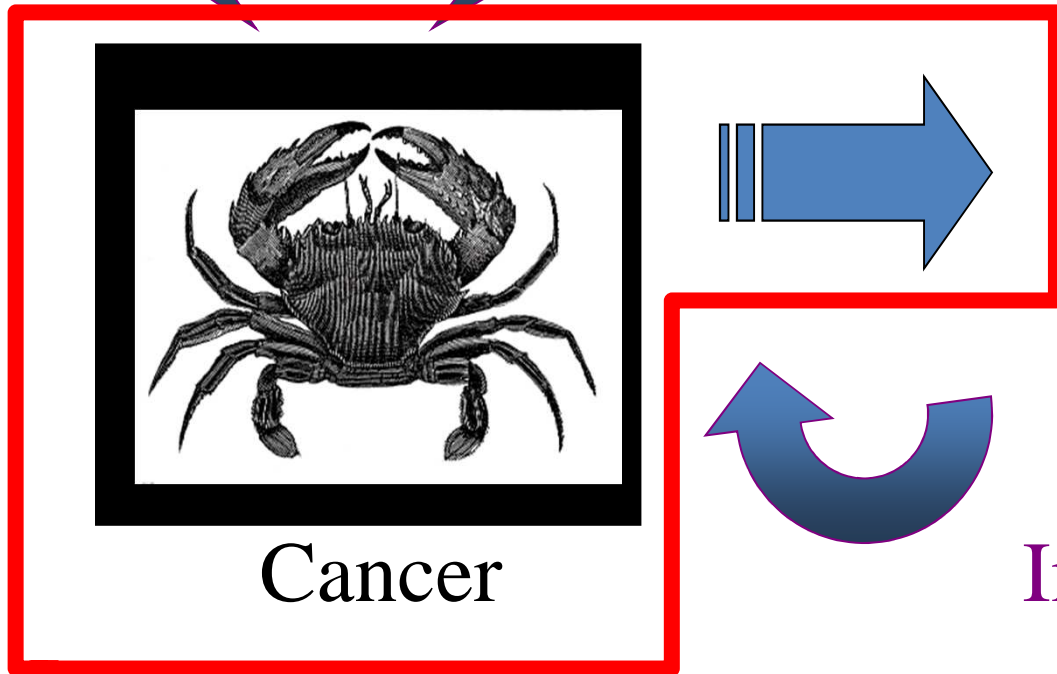
Bates G J et al. JCO 2006;24:5373-5380

All these studies do not take in
account the role of further
therapies!!!

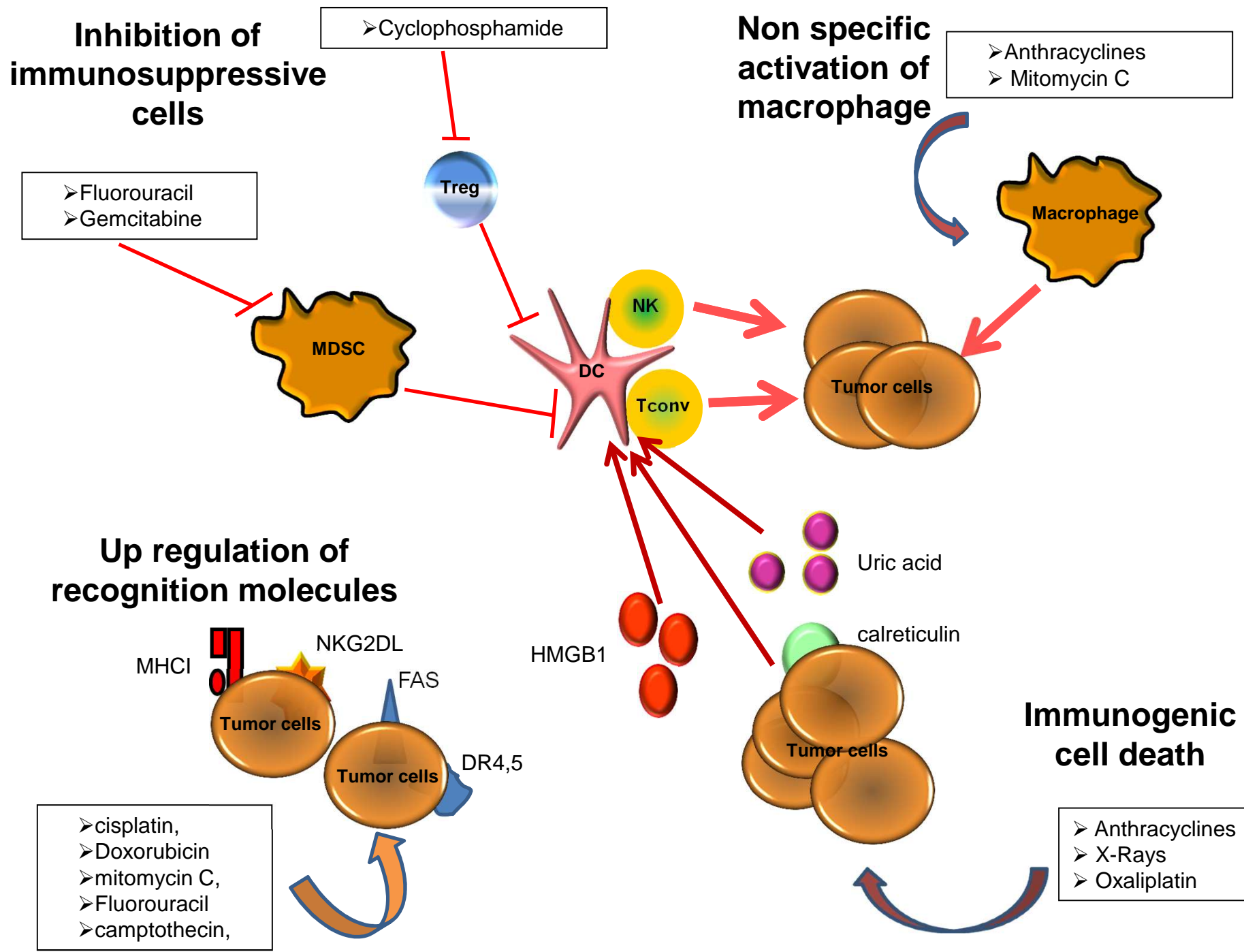
Radiotherapy



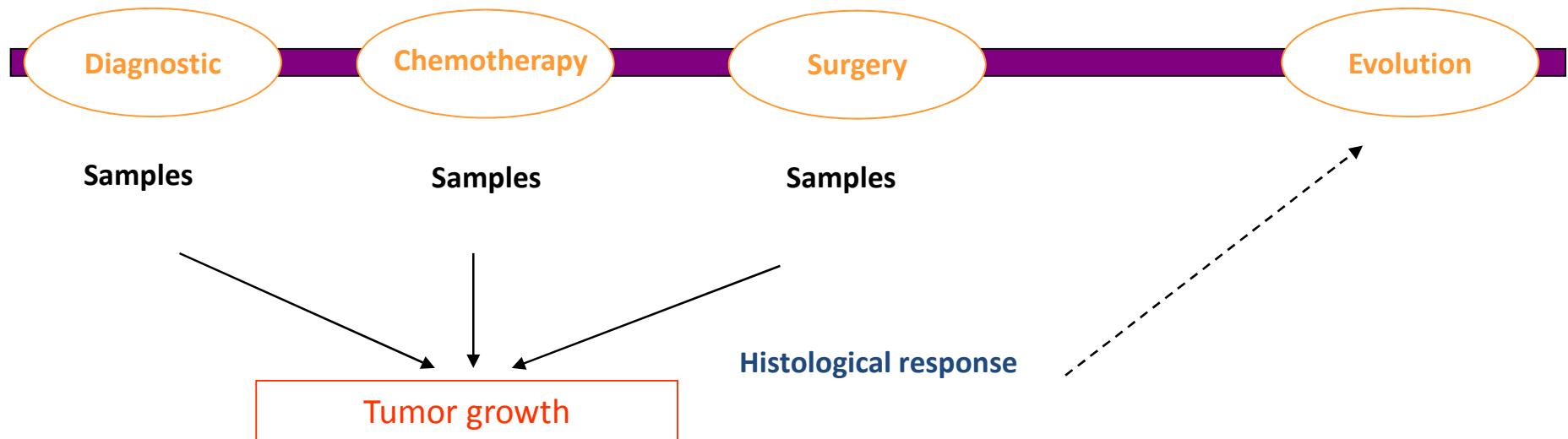
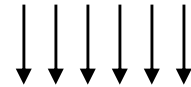
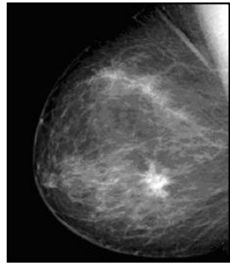
Chemotherapy



Immune system

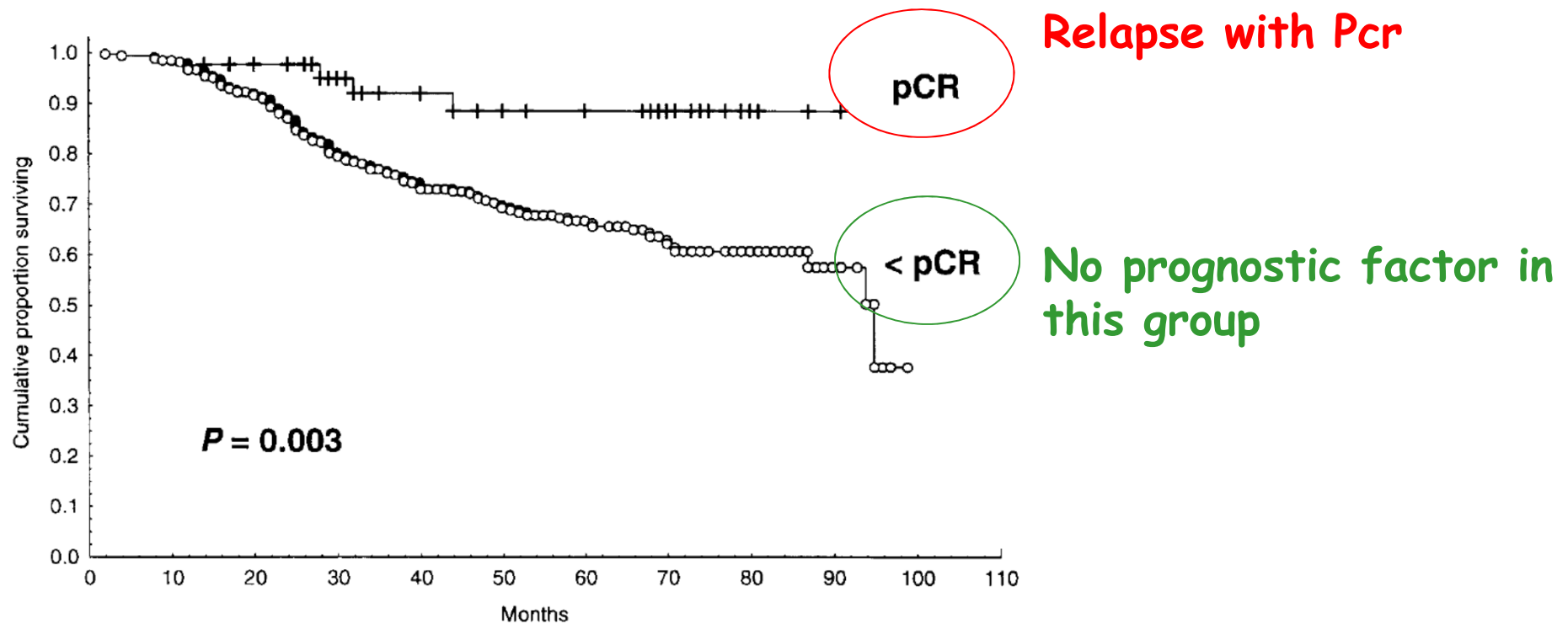


Neoadjuvant treatment of breast cancer



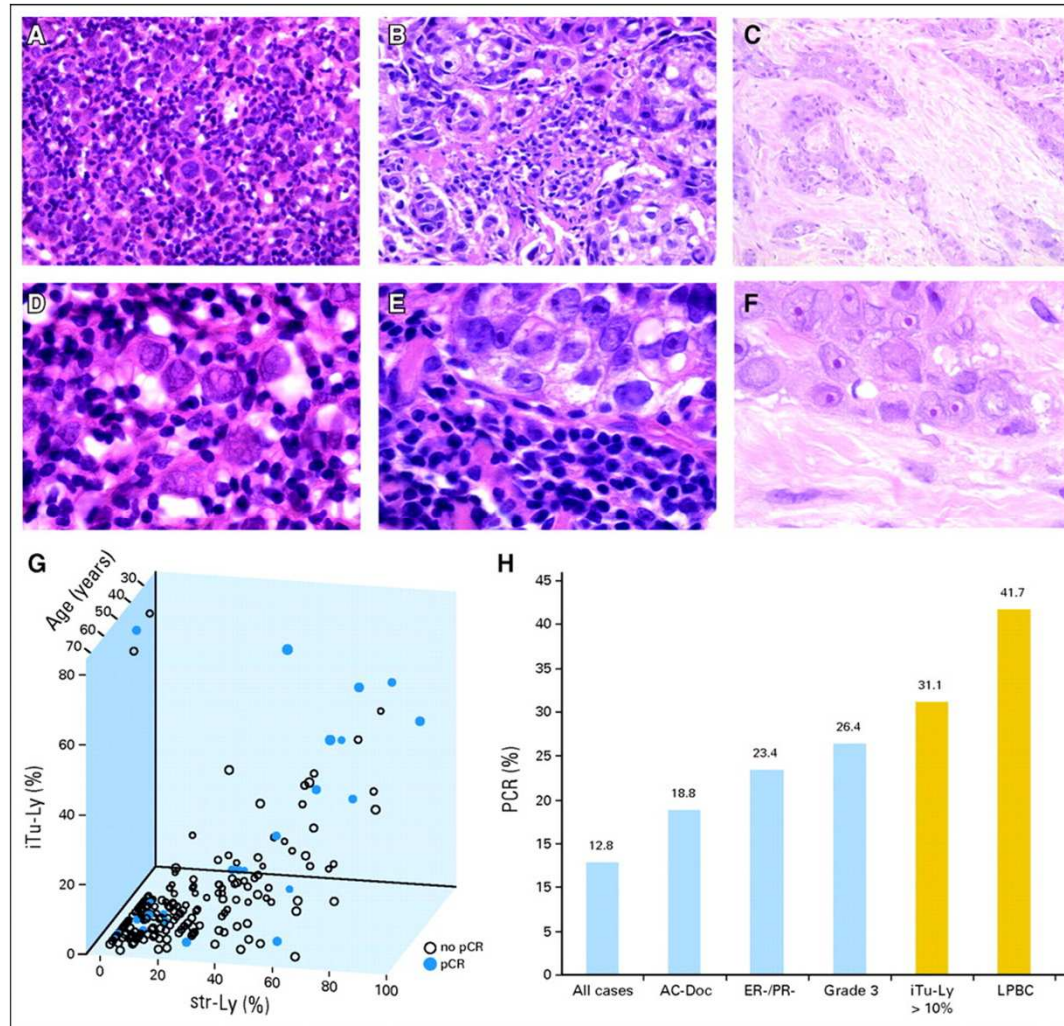
Surrogate markers of response to chemotherapy

Prognostic factor for patients treated by neoadjuvant chemotherapy



Complete histological response is a good marker of chemosensitivity and survival

Potential association between leucocyte infiltrate before treatment and response.



Denkert C et al. JCO 2010;28:105-113

**Pathologic Complete Response to Neoadjuvant Chemotherapy
of Breast Carcinoma Is Associated with the Disappearance
of Tumor-Infiltrating Foxp3⁺ Regulatory T Cells**

Sylvain Ladoire,^{1,2} Laurent Arnould,¹ Lionel Apetoh,³ Bruno Coudert,¹ Francois Martin,²
Bruno Chauffert,^{1,2} Pierre Fumoleau,¹ and François Ghiringhelli^{1,2,3}

Patients

Total	56
Age	
mean (\pm SD)	49.9 \pm 8
median (range)	51.5 (30-67)
Tumor size	
mean(\pm SD)	4.4 \pm 1,7
median (range)	4 (1-8)
T stage	
T1	1
T2	33
T3	17
T4	5
N stage	
N0	17
N1	31
N2	6
N3	2

SBR	
I	4
II	33
III	19
HER2 +++	21
oestrogen	
Positifs	37
Negatifs	19
progesteron	
Positifs	27
Negatifs	29
chemotherapy	
Anthracyclines	26
Anthracyclines + taxane	11
Trastuzumab + taxane	20
Response	
PCR	12
No PCR	44

Breast cancer are invaded by leucocytes

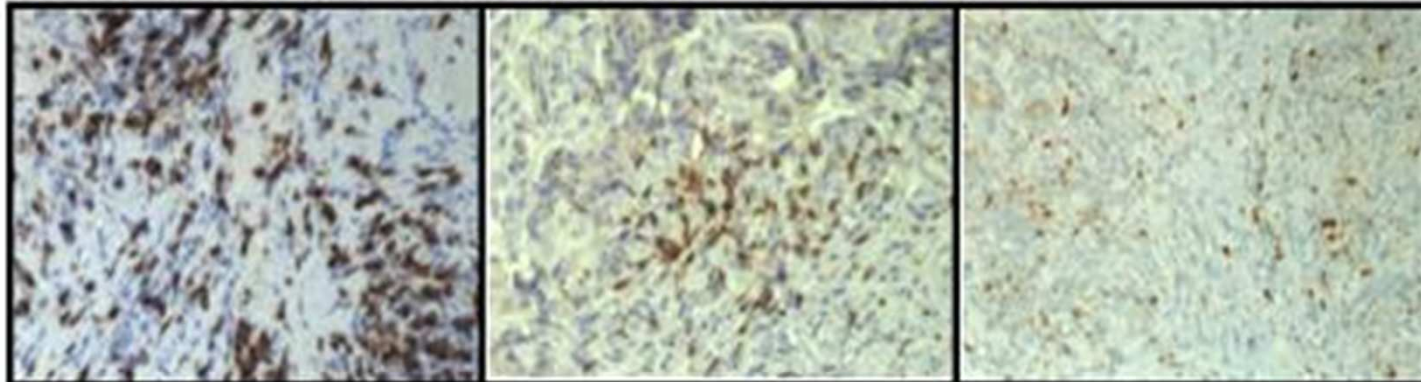
1/11/2009

CD3

CD8

Foxp3

Breast cancer

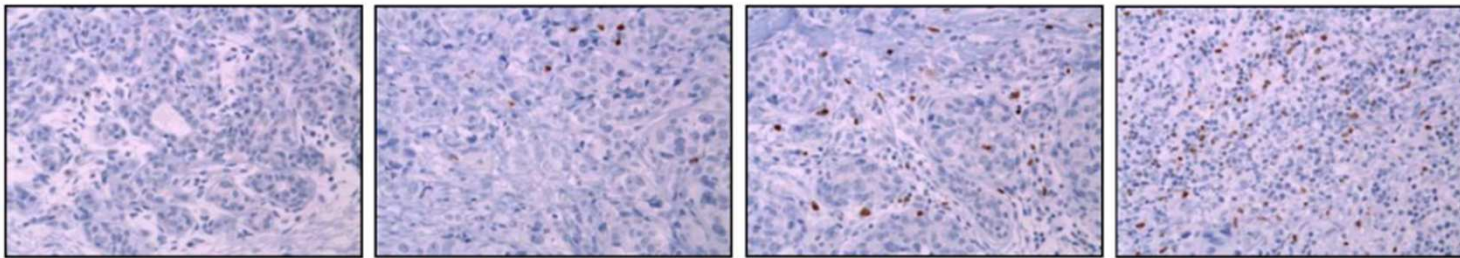


Normal breast



Semi-quantitative evaluation of CD8+ and Foxp3+infiltrates

Foxp3 infiltrates



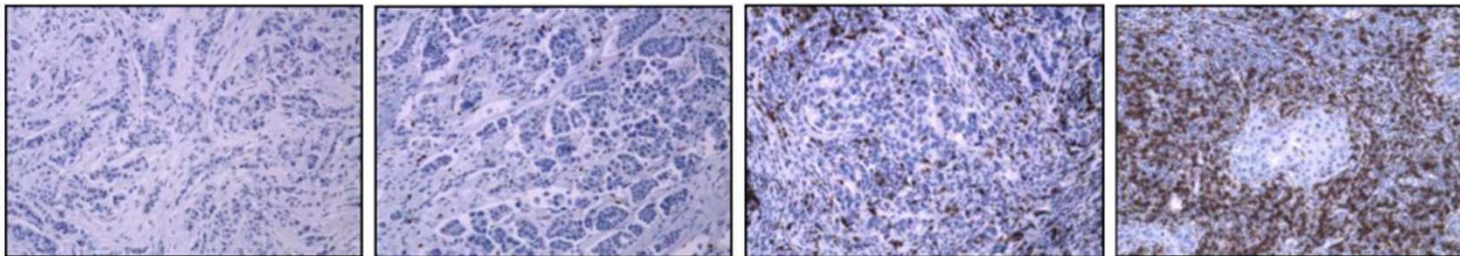
Grade 0

Grade 1

Grade 2

Grade 3

CD8 infiltrates



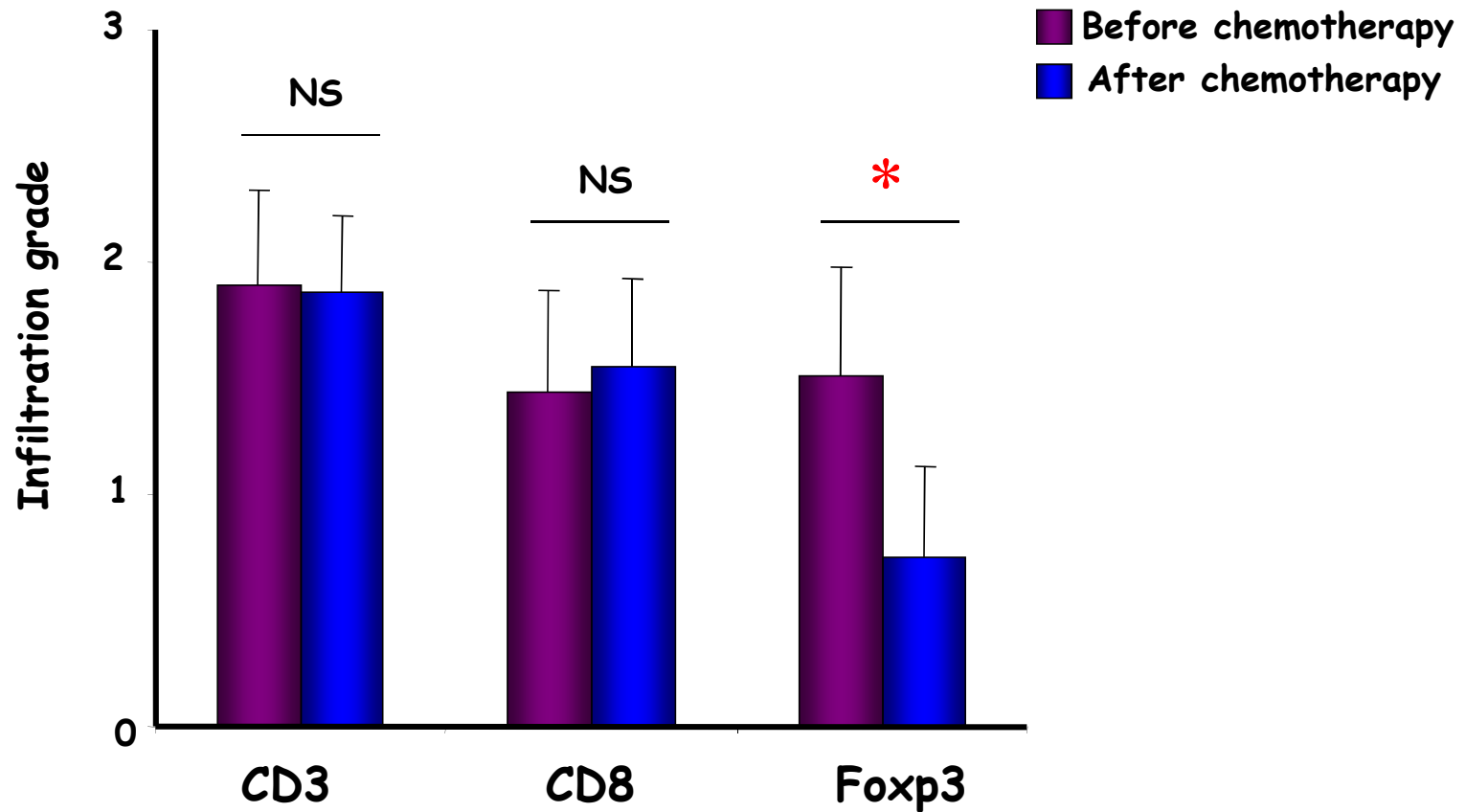
Grade 0

Grade 1

Grade 2

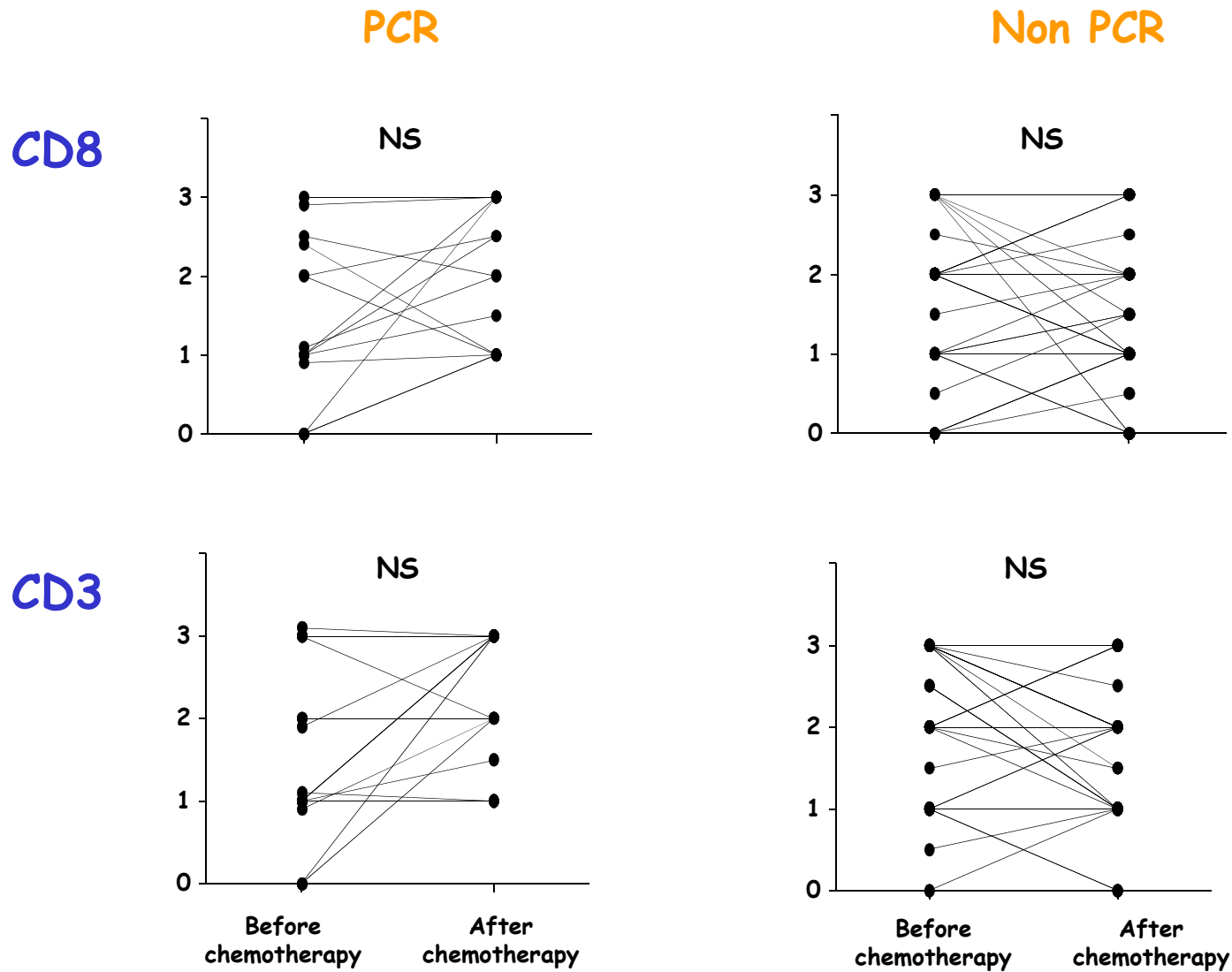
Grade 3

Evolution of CD8+ and Foxp3+ infiltrates



* p = 0,01

Evolution of lymphocytes infiltrates and tumor response

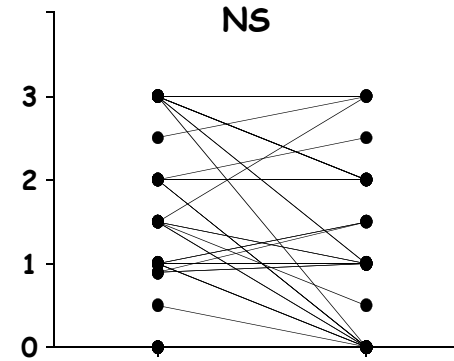
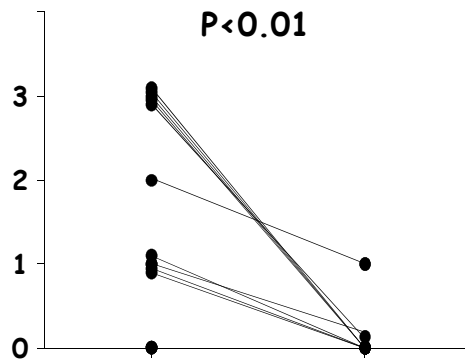


Evolution of lymphocyte infiltrate and clinical response

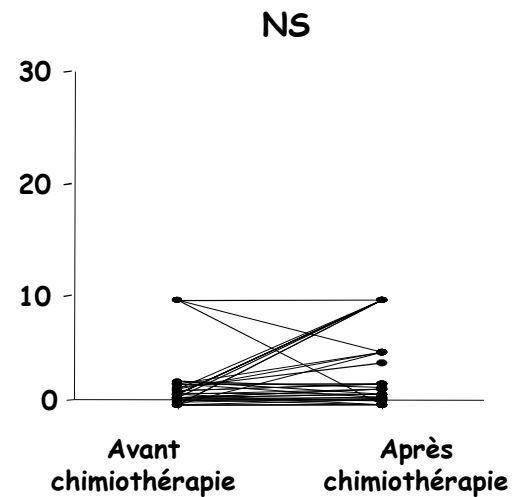
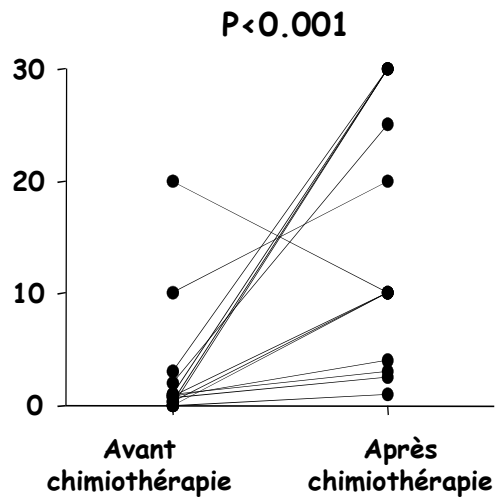
PCR

NR

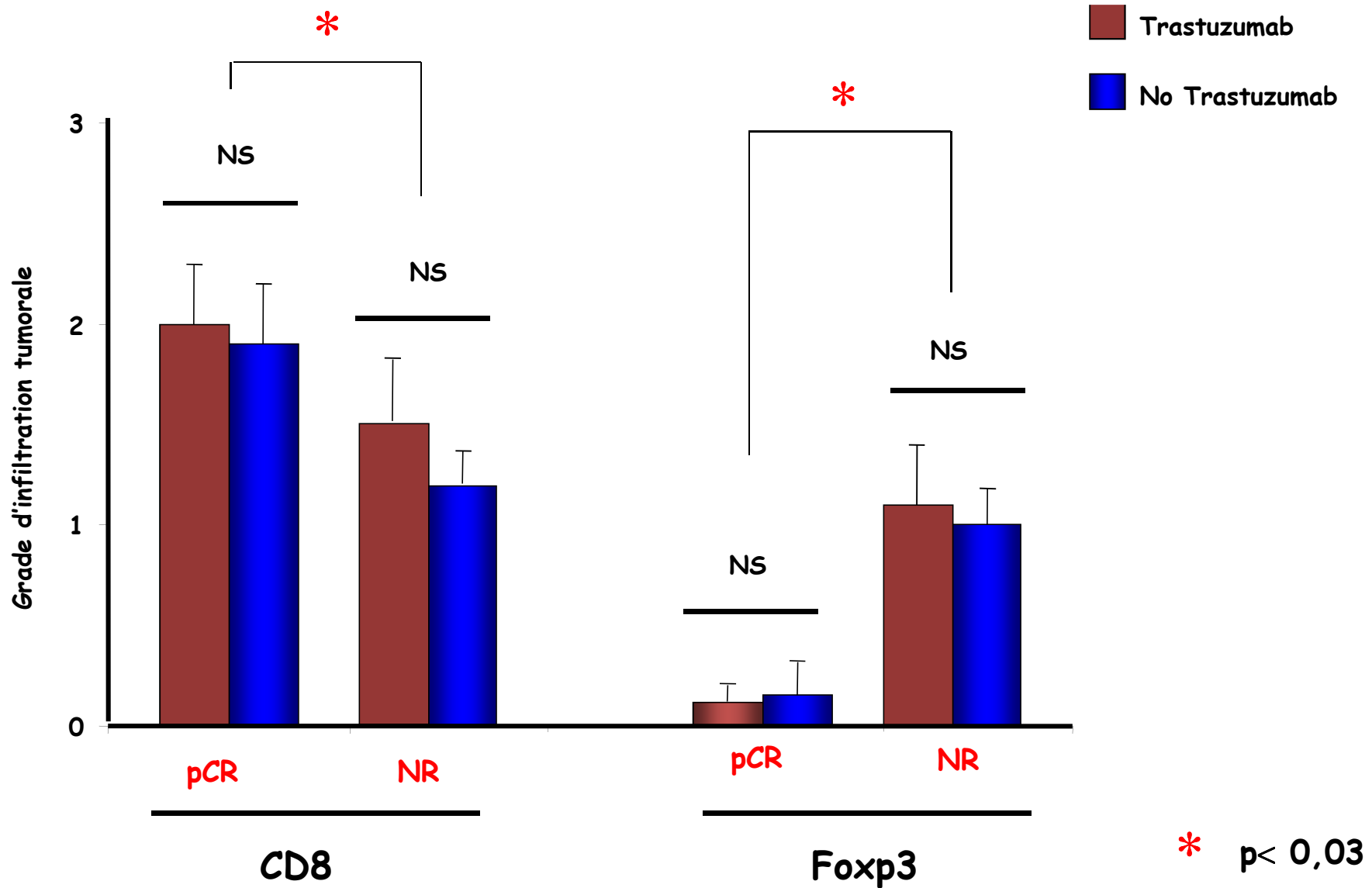
Foxp3



CD8/Foxp3 Ratio



Does Trastuzumab influence lymphocytes infiltrates ?



Factors associated with PCR

Classical factors

	variable	OR (95% IC)	p
T	I+II vs III + IV	2.3 (0.5-8.2)	0.3
N	0 vs +	1.2 (0.3-4.4)	0.9
SBR	I+ II vs III	6.2 (1.6-23.2)	0.01
ER	0 vs +	0.66 (0.17-2.5)	0.56
PR	0 vs +	7.2 (0.8-31)	0.07
HER	0 vs +	8 (2-32)	0.007
Chemotherapy	Anthracycline		0.001
	Anthracycline + taxane		
	Trastuzumab + taxane		

Factors associated with PCR

Immune factors

Comparison of lymphocytes infiltrates between PCR and Non PCR						
population	Before chemotherapy			After Chemotherapy		
	PCR	NR	p	PCR	NR	p
CD3	1.7± 1.1	1.9± 1	0.603	2.3± 0.7	1.8± 0.8	0.072
CD8	2± 0.7	1,4± 1	0.037	2± 0.8	1.4± 0.9	0.026
Foxp3	1.6± 1.4	1.5± 1	0.783	0.08± 0.2	0.90± 1	0.003

Foxp3 0 + CD8 ≥ 2

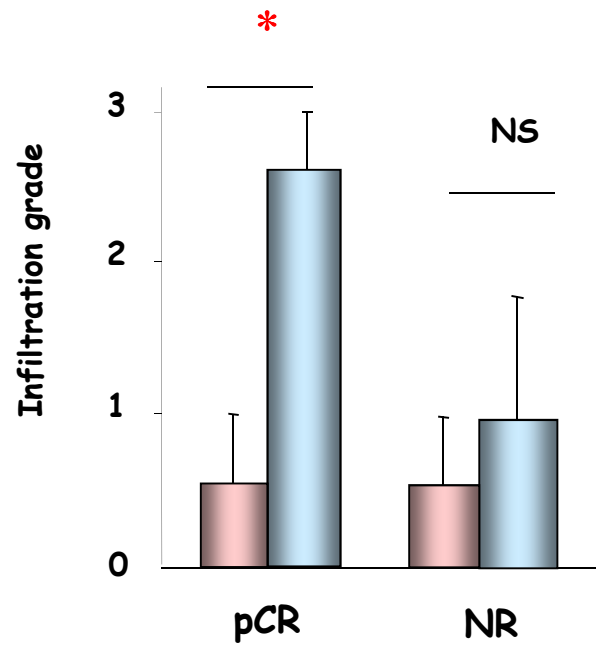
PCR: Se 75%

Spe 93%

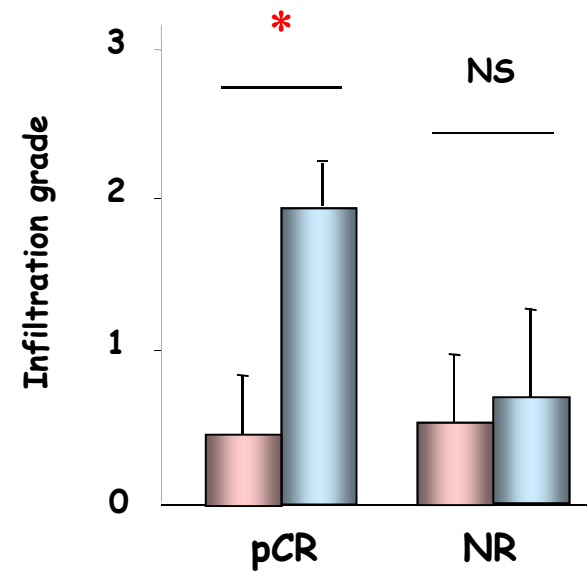
Multivariate analysis for PCR			
	variable	OR (95% IC)	p
Tumor grade	I+ II vs III	19.9 (1.3 to 315.1)	0.03
Trastuzumab	0 vs +	18.9 (1.2 to 308,7)	0.04
Combined immune factor	Foxp3 0 + CD8≥2 vs Foxp3>1 ou CD8<1	99.9 (5.8 to 1727,9)	0.0015

Evaluation of cytotoxic response

TiA1



Granzyme B



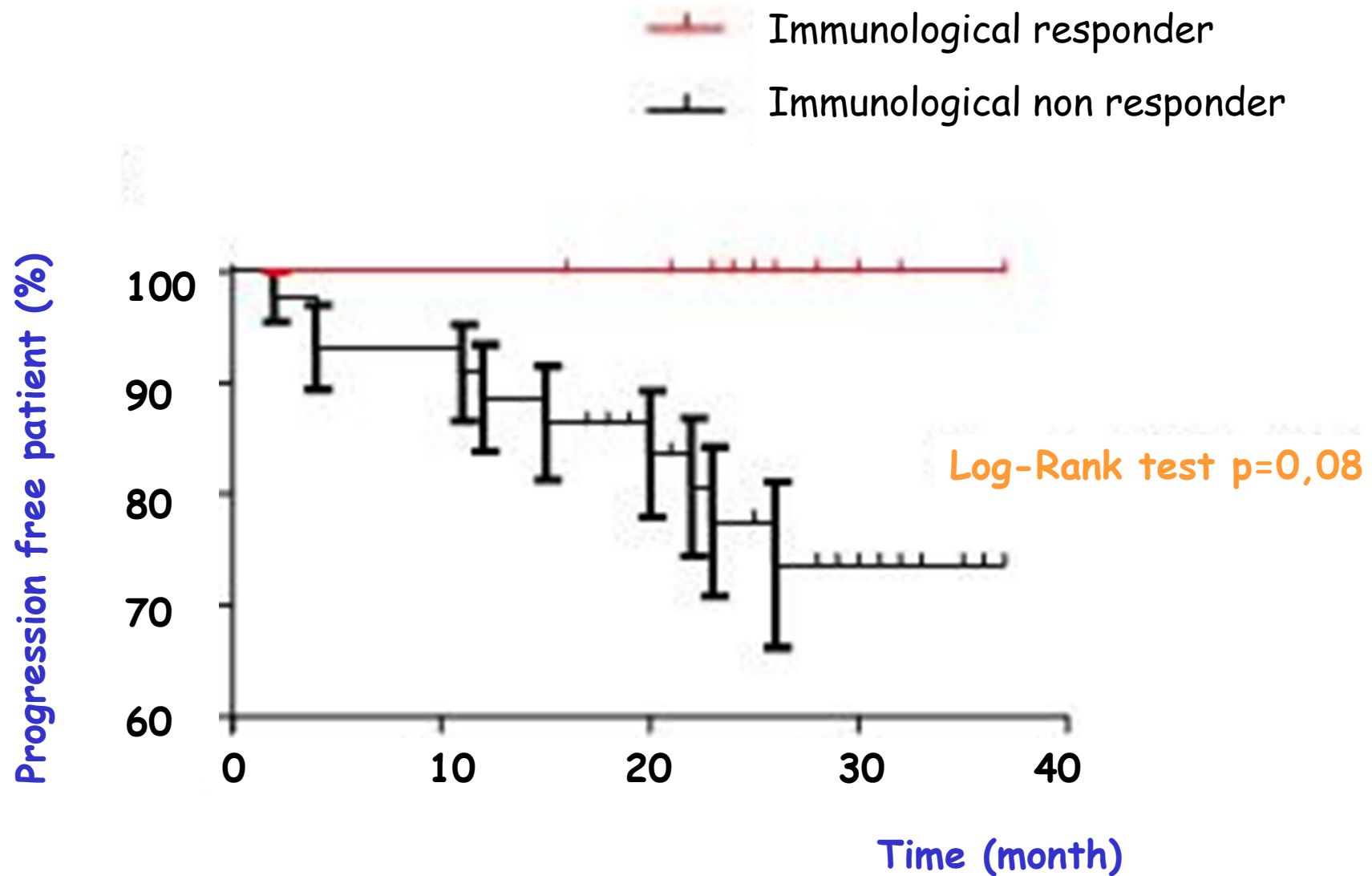
■ Before chemotherapy
■ After chemotherapy

* p < 0,05

Conclusion

- . A High CD8/Foxp3 ratio after chemotherapy is associated with PCR
- . Only Foxp3 subpopulation seems modify by chemotherapy
- . Capacity to dichotomise PCR and none PCR is independent of chemotherapy regimen

Progression free survival and immune response



**Does the prognostic role of this immunological score
could be validated in an independent cohort?**

In situ immune response after neoadjuvant chemotherapy for breast cancer predicts survival

Sylvain Ladoire,^{1,2†} Grégoire Mignot,^{2†} Sandrine Dabakuyo,³ Laurent Arnould,⁴ Lionel Apetoh,² Cedric Rébé,² Bruno Coudert,¹ Francois Martin,² Marie Hélène Bizollon,⁵ André Vanoli,⁶ Charles Coutant,⁷ Pierre Fumoleau,¹ Franck Bonnetain³ and François Ghiringhelli^{1,2*}

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² Institut National de la Santé et de la Recherche Médicale, Avenir Team INSERM, CRI-866 University of Burgundy, Dijon, France

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HER2 overexpression patients

111 patients treated by neoadjuvant chemotherapy for HER2+++ breast cancer

Chemo with or without trastuzumab

Study of immune infiltrates CD8/Foxp3 and histological response (pAJCC)

Relapse free survival (RFS) and overall survival (OS)

<i>Patient and tumor characteristics (n=111)</i>		
	N	%
Age		
<50	61	55
≥50	50	45
AJCC initial stage		
0/I/IIA	23	21
IIB/IIIA/IIIB	88	79
Axillary nodal status		
Positive	81	73
Negative	30	27
Tumor grade		
I+II	60	54
III	51	46
Estrogen receptor		
Positive	53	48
Negative	58	52
Chemotherapy		
Trastuzumab-Docetaxel	63	57
Anthracycline	48	43
Pathological complete response		
Yes	33	30
No	78	70
AJCC pathological stage		
0/I/IIA	65	58
IIB/IIIA	46	42
CD8 infiltration		
high	91	82
low	20	18
Foxp3 infiltration		
high	43	39
low	68	61
CD8/Foxp3 ratio		
favorable	55	49
unfavorable	56	51

Prognostic factor associated to RFS

Multivariate analysis for factors associated with RFS (bootstrap 1000 replications)

	Multivariate HR	95%CI	p	Bootstrapping 95%CI and p value
AJCC pathological stage				
	1			
0/I/IIA	2.56	[1.20-5.48]	0.016	[1.14-5.72] 0.016
IIB/IIIA				
CD8/Foxp3 ratio after CT				
	1			
favorable	3.35	[1.54-7.27]	0.002	[1.30-8.62] 0.002
unfavorable				
Chemotherapy				
	1			
Trastuzumab-Docetaxel	1.45	[0.71-2.95]	0.313	[0.71-2.94] 0.313
Anthracycline				

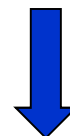
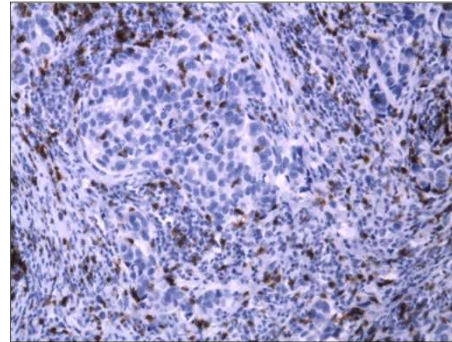
Prognostic factors associated with OS

Multivariate analysis for factors associated with OS (bootstrap 1000 replications)

	Multivariate HR	95%CI	p	Bootstrapping 95%CI and p value
AJCC pathological stage				
	1			
0/I/IIA				
IIB/IIIA	3.15	[1.14-8.70]	0.027	[0.005-2136] 0.730
CD8/Foxp3 ratio after CT				
	1			
favorable				
unfavorable	2.97	[1.19-7.43]	0.020	[0.21-41.37] 0.417
Chemotherapy				
	1			
Trastuzumab-Docetaxel				
Anthracycline	7.74	[1.74-34.33]	0.007	[5 ^E -10-1.20 ^E 11] 0.864

Pathologic-Immunologic (*PathIm*) Score

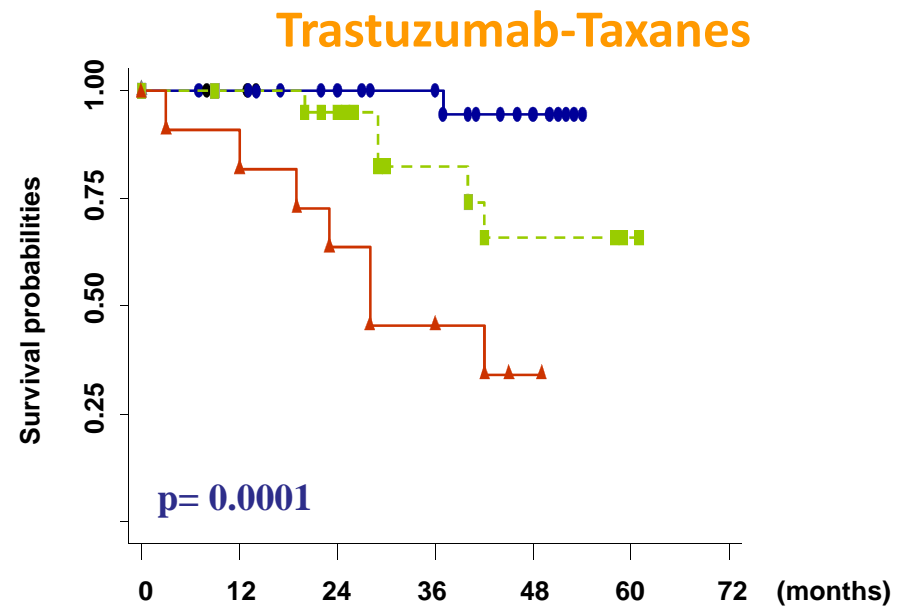
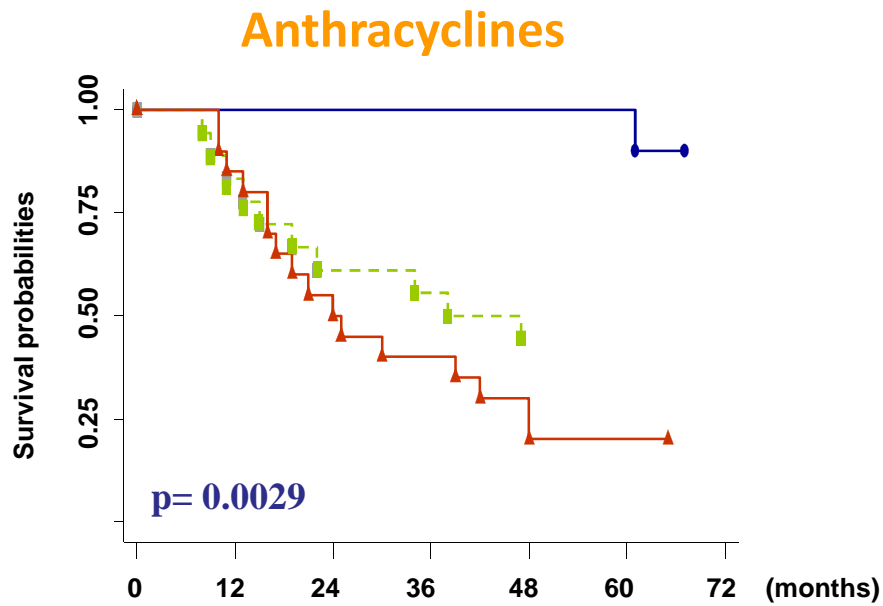
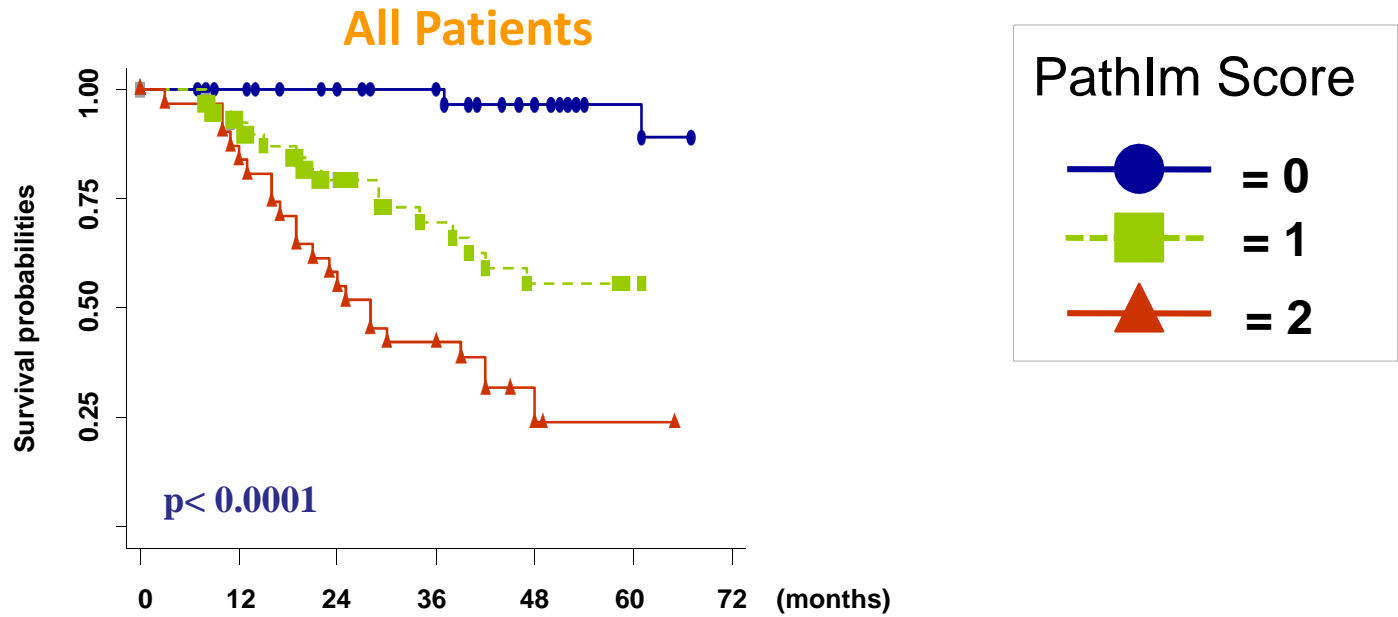
Tumor and nodal categories	Stage
T0N0 (including residual ductal carcinoma in situ)	0
T1N0	I
T0-1N1; T2N0	IIA
T2N1; T3N0	IIB
T0-3N2; T3N1	IIIA
Any T4	IIIB
Any N3	IIIC



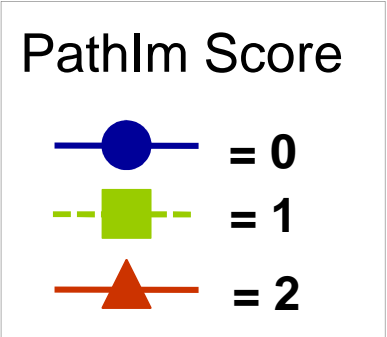
AJCC pathologic stage (0: favourable; 1: unfavourable)	CD8/Foxp3 infiltrates (0: favourable; 1: unfavourable)	PathIm score
0 (\leq IIA)	0 (CD8 high + Foxp3 low)	0
1 ($>$ IIA)	0 (CD8 high + Foxp3 low)	1
0 (\leq IIA)	1 (CD8 low and/or Foxp3 high)	1
1 ($>$ IIA)	1 (CD8 low and/or Foxp3 high)	2

Pathologic-Immunologic score (PathIm score)

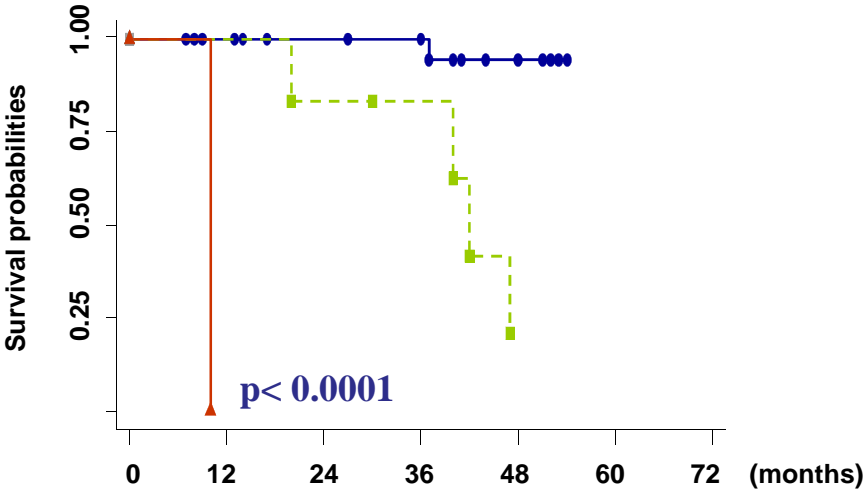
RFS



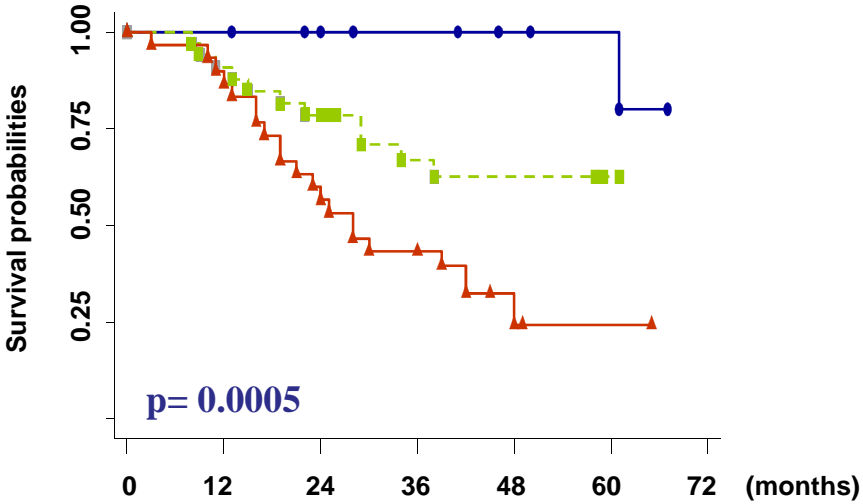
RFS



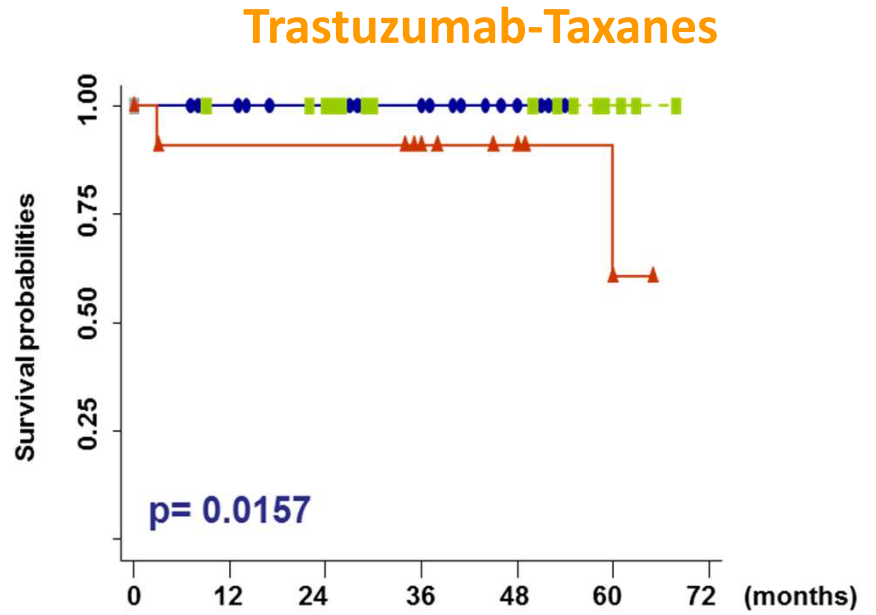
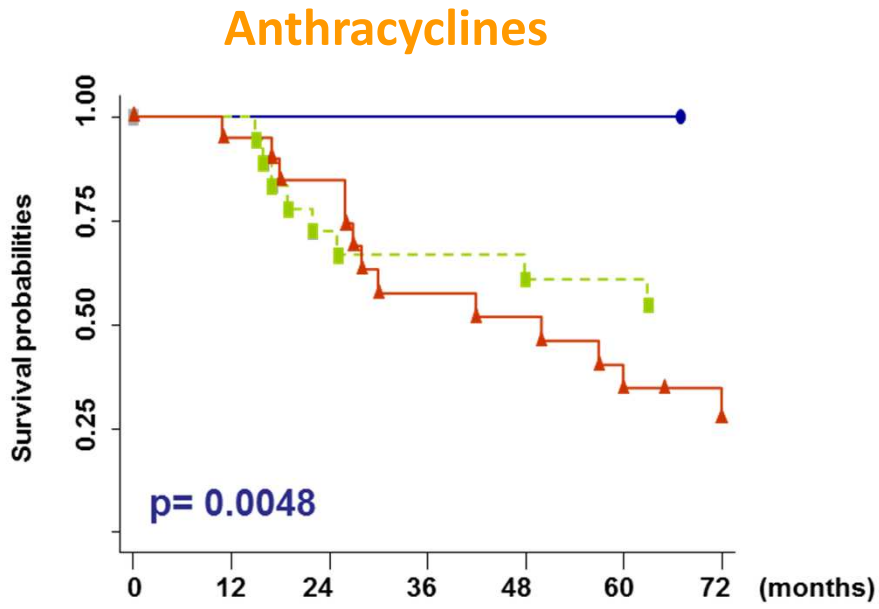
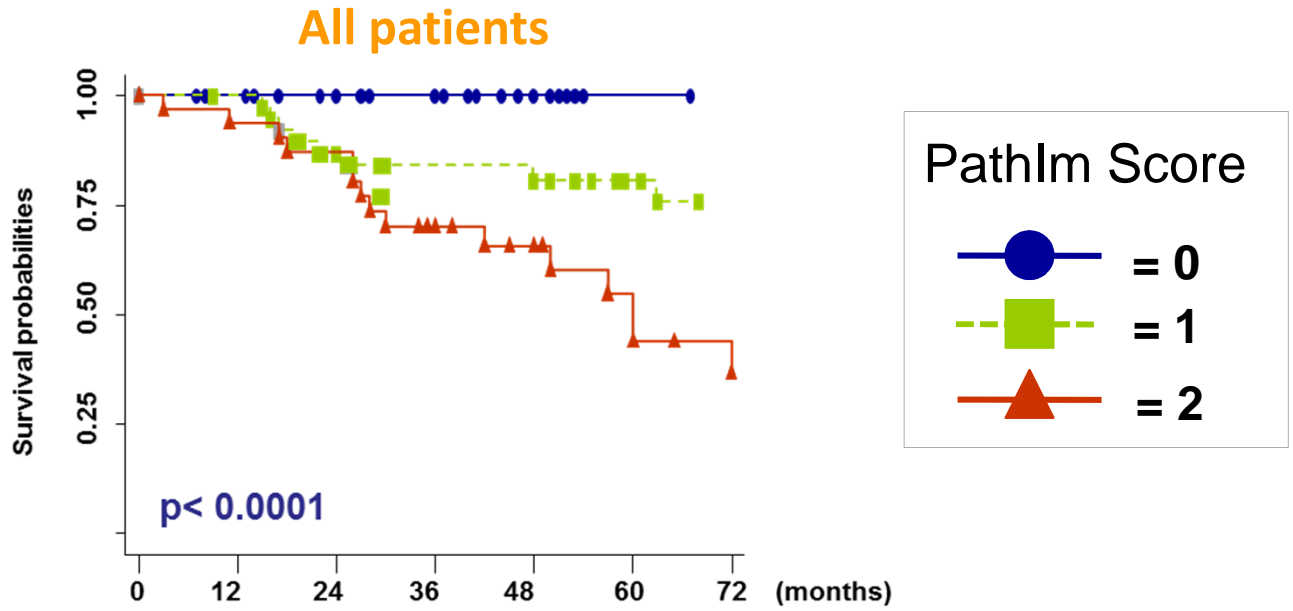
Pcr patients



Non Pcr patients

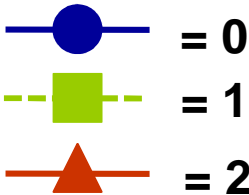


OS

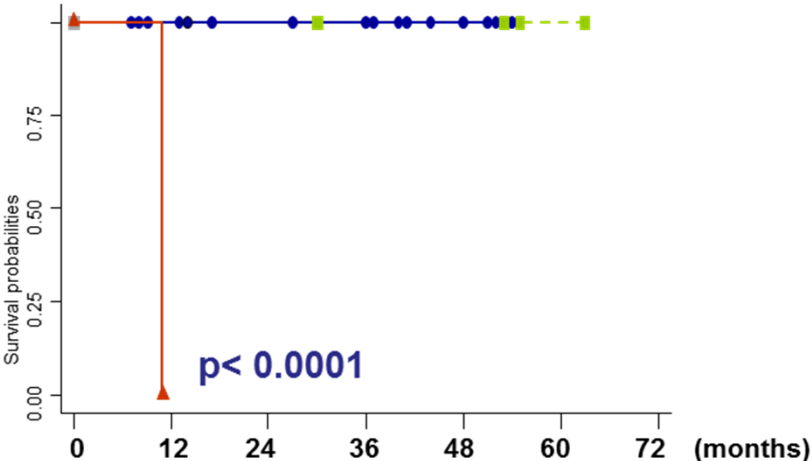


OS

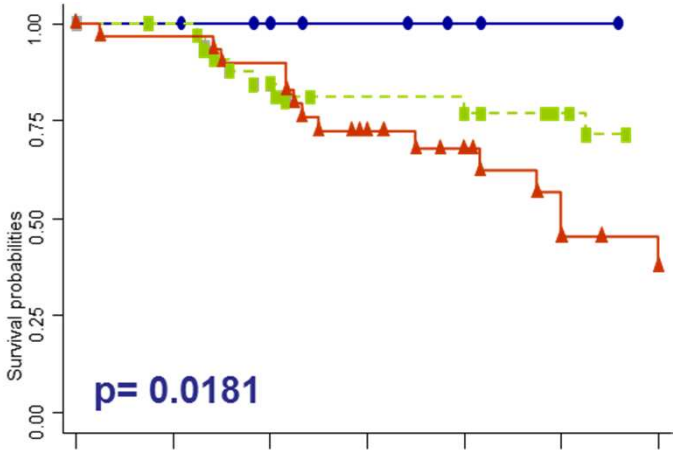
PathIm Score



Patients with PCR

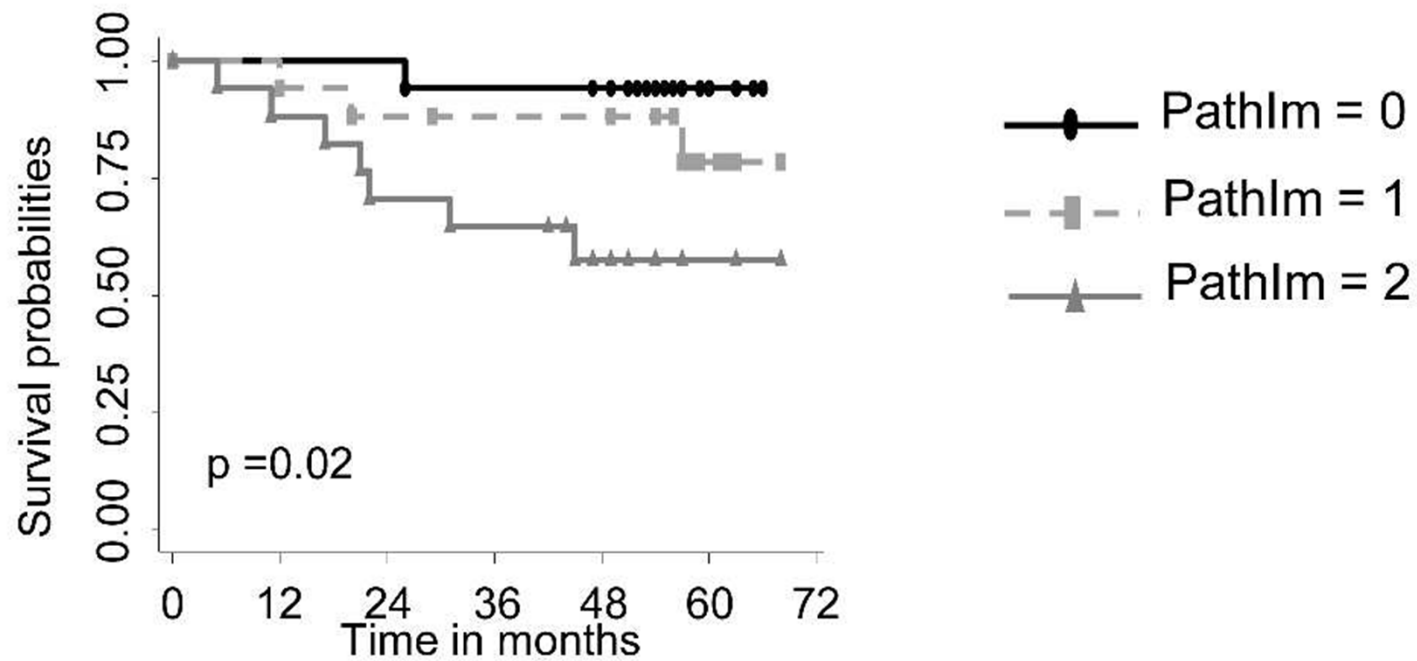


Patients without PCR



An effect dependent of molecular subtype ?

External validation cohort in HER2 - patients



Conclusion:

The CD8 "high" and Foxp3 "low" score is a predictive factor of relapse free survival in patients treated with neoadjuvant chemotherapy

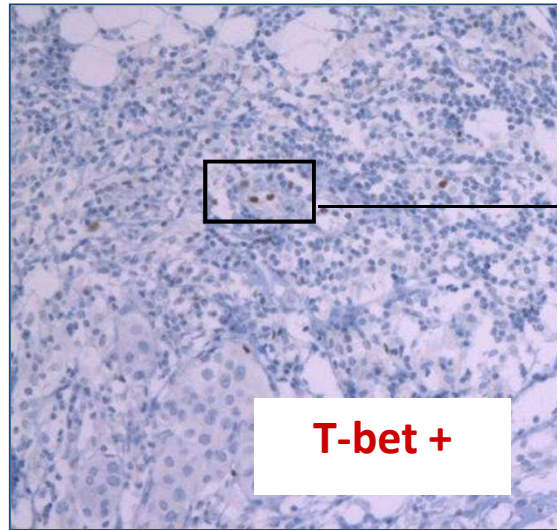
This effect is observed in patients treated with trastuzumab or anthracycline

The Pathimm score using immunological and pathological assessment determine prognostic either in HER+ and - tumors

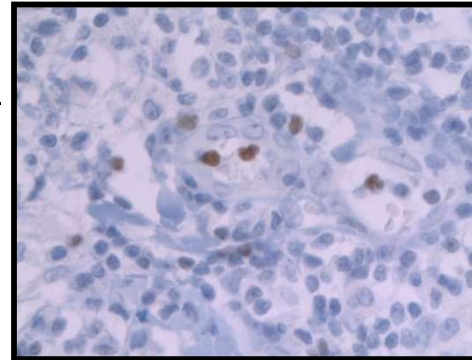
This score must be validated in a prospective cohort
PRIMUNEO (PHRC 2011)

The role of Th1 cells

. Interaction between immune system and chemotherapy the role of CD4 T cells?

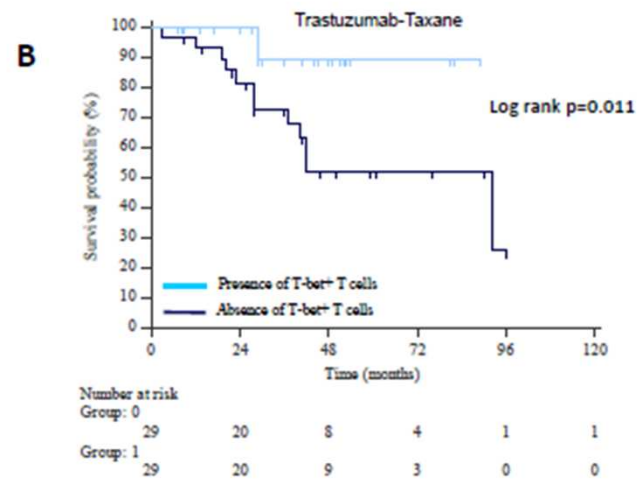
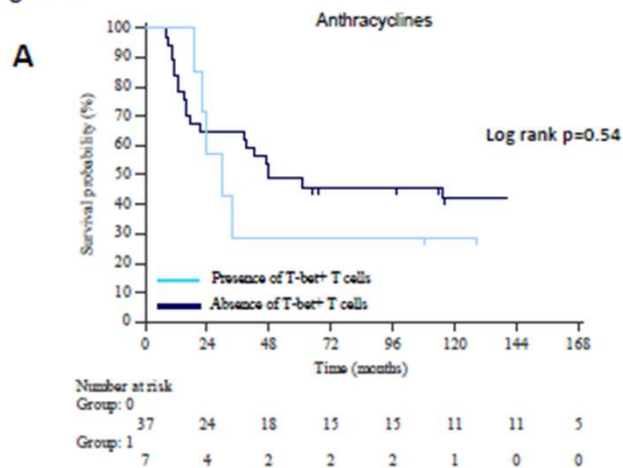


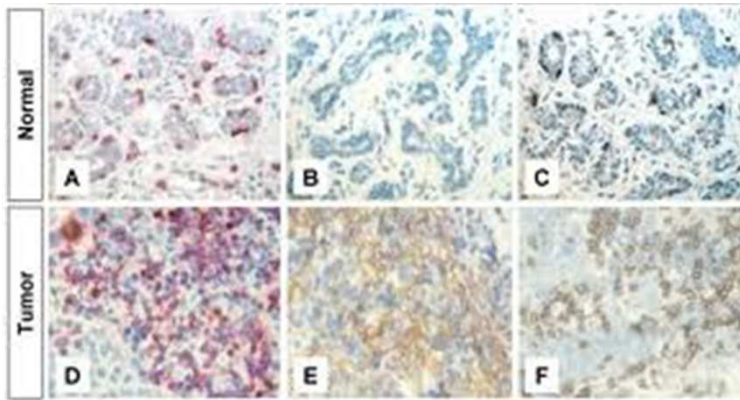
Ladoire, *BJC* 2011



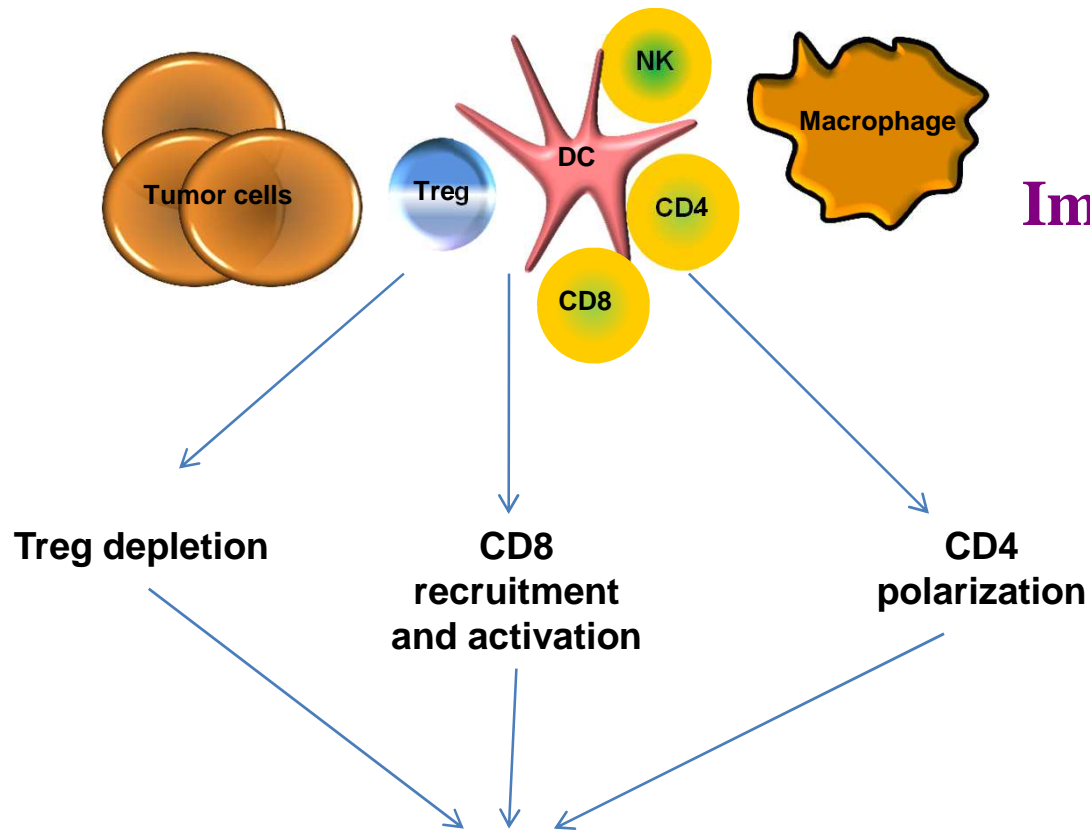
. Which chemotherapy for which immunological effect

Figure 2:





Chemotherapy



Immune system

Modification of cancer prognosis

Thanks:



Inserm U866

Institut national
de la santé et de la recherche médicale

- Bruno Coudert
- Laurent Arnould
- Sylvain Ladoire
- Pierre Fumoleau
- Frank Bonnetain

- Gregoire Mignot
- Lionel Apetoh
- Cédric Rébé
- Sylvain Ladoire